

CHAPTER
7

Section 2

PRIMARY SOURCE *from* **The Execution of Louis XVI**
by Henry Essex Edgeworth de Firmont

Sentenced to death by the National Convention, Louis XVI was executed on January 21, 1793. As you read this eyewitness account of the king's final hours, note the different reactions of Louis XVI, the guards, and the French citizens.

The King finding himself seated in the carriage, where he could neither speak to me nor be spoken to without witness, kept a profound silence. . . .

The procession lasted almost two hours; the streets were lined with citizens, all armed, some with pikes and some with guns, and the carriage was surrounded by a body of troops, formed of the most desperate people of Paris. As another precaution, they had placed before the horses a number of drums, intended to drown any noise or murmur in favour of the King; but how could they be heard? Nobody appeared either at the doors or windows, and in the street nothing was to be seen, but armed citizens—citizens, all rushing toward the commission of a crime, which perhaps they detested in their hearts.

The carriage proceeded thus in silence to the Place de Louis XV and stopped in the middle of a large space that had been left round the scaffold: this space was surrounded with cannon, and beyond, an armed multitude extended as far as the eye could reach. As soon as the King perceived that the carriage stopped, he turned and whispered to me, 'We are arrived, if I mistake not.' My silence answered that we were. . . . As soon as the King had left the carriage, three guards surrounded him and would have taken off his clothes, but he repulsed them with haughtiness: he undressed himself, untied his neckcloth, opened his shirt, and arranged it himself. The guards, whom the determined countenance of the King had for a moment disconcerted, seemed to recover their audacity. They surrounded him again and would have seized his hands. 'What are you attempting?' said the King, drawing back his hands. 'To bind you,' answered the wretches. 'To bind me,' said the King, with an indignant air. 'No! I shall never consent to that: do what you have been ordered, but you shall never bind me. . . .'

The path leading to the scaffold was extremely rough and difficult to pass; the King was obliged to lean on my arm, and from the slowness with which he proceeded, I feared for a moment that his courage might fail; but what was my astonishment,

when arrived at the last step, I felt that he suddenly let go my arm, and I saw him cross with a firm foot the breadth of the whole scaffold; silence, by his look alone, fifteen or twenty drums that were placed opposite to me; and in a voice so loud, that it must have been heard at the Pont Tournant, I heard him pronounce distinctly these memorable words: 'I die innocent of all the crimes laid to my charge; I pardon those who have occasioned my death; and I pray to God that the blood you are going to shed may never be visited on France.'

He was proceeding, when a man on horseback, in the national uniform, and with a ferocious cry, ordered the drums to beat. Many voices were at the same time heard encouraging the executioners. They seemed reanimated themselves, in seizing with violence the most virtuous of Kings, they dragged him under the axe of the guillotine, which with one stroke severed his head from his body. All this passed in a moment. The youngest of the guards, who seemed about eighteen, immediately seized the head, and showed it to the people as he walked round the scaffold; he accompanied this monstrous ceremony with the most atrocious and indecent gestures. At first an awful silence prevailed; at length some cries of 'Vive la République!' were heard. By degrees the voices multiplied, and in less than ten minutes this cry, a thousand times repeated, became the universal shout of the multitude, and every hat was in the air.

from J.M. Thompson, *English Witnesses of the French Revolution*, Blackwell, 1938. Reprinted in John Carey, ed., *Eyewitness to History* (New York: Avon, 1987), 250–252.

Discussion Questions

Recognizing Facts and Details

1. How did Louis XVI respond as he faced execution?
2. How did the French citizens who witnessed the king's execution react?
3. **Making Inferences** Why do you think the soldier ordered the drums to beat as Louis XVI spoke from the scaffold?

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PRIMARY SOURCE

The Execution of Louis XVI

Possible responses:

1. He responded in a calm, proud, dignified, courageous, and defiant manner.
2. At first they responded silently, but then they cried “Vive la République!” and threw their hats in the air in celebration.
3. Students should realize that the drums would keep the crowd from hearing the king’s words, which might stir sympathy for him. Remind students that the drums mentioned in the second paragraph of the selection were to drown out expressions in favor of the king.